

For these questions, choose the best word(s) or expression(s) to fill the space(s).

1. There won't be a decrease in air pollution as companies are ---- to change their production methods.

- A) incompetent B) unwilling C) disloyal D) immeasurable E) irreversible

2. The Uighurs, a mostly Muslim Turkic minority group, ---- nearly half of Xinjiang's 20 million population.

- A) catch out B) take over C) head for D) make up E) keep on

3. Two photo albums showing art looted ---- the Nazi's during World War II are being donated ---- the US National Archives.

- A) during/towards B) by/to C) for/within D) over/for E) from/into

4. The public will be less resistant to nuclear-assisted rockets. ----, anti-nuclear protestors claim nuclear launchers would make accidents much more dangerous.

- A) Therefore B) Similarly C) However D) Moreover E) Consequently

5. At the time an appropriate site ---- available, they ---- the proposed new library for almost three years.

- A) becomes / will discuss B) is becoming / have been discussing
C) will become / discussed D) would become / had discussed
E) became / had been discussing

6. In this world, humans have grown fat, stopped ----, filled their days with non-stop entertainment and food, and are believed not ---- about it all.

- A) walking / to be worried B) to walk / being worried
C) to be walking / to have been worried D) to be walked / being worried
E) to having walked / to being worried

For these questions, choose the best word or expression to complete the passage.

Although we like to think of the Internet as a social network, it is mostly a network of machines. In fact, a few years ago, the number of different devices connected to the net is believed to have (7) ---- the number of human users. This phenomenon (8) ---- as ‘the Internet of things’, and the number of online devices is still on the rise. Today almost any object, from your fridge to your car, can have access to the Internet. Using a special application, you can check if you have enough tomatoes for a salad. And if you (9a) ---- a camera in your garage, you (9b) ---- from any place on Earth – if your car is still there. At the moment, many of the (10) ---- applications offer you this remote control of your devices but, in the near future, these devices will also take intelligent decisions for you (and without asking you first!) Some experts think it could be risky. Imagine (11) ---- to eat healthy food by your fridge, which will do all your weekly shopping. What a scary thought!

7. A) adjusted B) deceived C) excelled D) integrated E) exceeded
8. A) knows B) will be known C) was known D) is known E) has known
9. A) will install / check B) installed / will check
C) install / are able to check D) would install / checked
E) have installed / would check
10. A) enthusiastic B) available C) vicious D) obedient E) extensive
11. A) being forced B) to have forced C) to be forced D) forcing E) to force

For these questions, choose the best option to complete the sentence.

12. What many people may not realize is ----.

- A) when he suffers from anxiety without being aware of it
- B) whether there had been any symptoms showing they caught the illness
- C) that their bodies are reacting to stress with physical as well as emotional symptoms
- D) the reason why they should feel safe and healthy during the treatment
- E) yet millions of children throughout the world are affected by the pandemic

13. As well as being a valuable tool for employers, ---- .

- A) social media provides information for job applicants about the company they hope to work for
- B) they are breaking no laws by searching their employees on social media
- C) they complain that companies go ‘trawling’ for negative information about applicants rather than getting a general impression
- D) companies are examining applicants’ social media profiles for information to use in the selection process
- E) some job applicants have voiced privacy concerns in relation to social media

For these questions, choose the most accurate English translation of the sentences in Turkish, and the most accurate Turkish translation of the sentences in English.

14. Bir kişinin tutumlarının onun davranışını belirlediği varsayımı Batı düşüncesinde oldukça köklemiştir ve birçok örnekte bu varsayım doğrudur.

A) It's clear that a person's attitudes determine his or her behaviour, and we can see this is deeply ingrained in many instances in Western thinking.

B) We can see the evidence in Western thinking that a person's attitudes determine his or her behaviour, and in some instances this assumption is true.

C) The assumption that a person's attitudes determine his or her behaviour is deeply ingrained in Western thinking, and the assumption holds in many instances.

D) In Western thinking, it is assumed that a person's attitudes determine his or her behaviour, and in most instances the assumption holds.

E) It is the most commonly believed assumption in Western thinking that a person's attitudes determine his or her behaviour.

15. Not only are myths and epics exciting adventure stories, but in them we see ourselves, drawn larger and greater than we are, yet with our human weaknesses as well as our strengths.

A) Sadece mitler değil aynı zamanda destanlar da kendimizi olduğumuzdan daha büyük ve muhteşem şekilde çizilmiş olarak gördüğümüz ve de kendi insani zayıflıklarımız ve gücümüzü de anlatan heyecanlı öykülerdir.

B) Mitler ve destanlar sadece heyecan verici öyküler değildirler, ayrıca bu mit ve destanlarda olduğumuzdan daha büyük ve muhteşem şekilde çizilmiş kendimizi, bunun yanında insani zayıflıklarımızı ve gücümüzü de görürüz.

C) Mitler ve destanlar sadece kendimizi olduğumuzdan daha büyük ve muhteşem şekilde çizilmiş olarak değil aynı zamanda kendi insani zayıflıklarımızı ve gücümüzü de gösteren heyecan verici öykülerdir.

D) Heyecan verici öyküler olan mitler ve destanlar sadece kendimizi olduğumuzdan daha büyük ve muhteşem şekilde çizilmiş olarak göstermez; ayrıca kendi insani zayıflıklarımız ve gücümüzü de gösterir.

E) Mitler ve destanlar heyecan verici öyküler olmalarının yanısıra, onlarda hem kendimizi olduğumuzdan daha büyük ve muhteşem şekilde çizilmiş olarak görür hem de insani zayıflıklarımızı ve gücümüzü farkederiz.

Answer the questions according to the passage below.

The combined fortune of 26 of the world's richest people is equal to the total wealth of the 3.8 billion poorest. This startling disparity in wealth is in a report from the charity Oxfam. It said that since the 2008 global financial crisis, the number of billionaires has doubled. They are also getting \$2.5 billion richer every day. This is in contrast to the poorest half of the planet who see its wealth slowly shrink as prices of commodities increase, wages are squeezed and land prices and rents rise. The report says that most of the world's wealthy people made their money from technology companies. The Amazon founder's amassed \$100 billion fortune is 100 times greater than the annual health budget of Ethiopia. Oxfam recommended taxing income at fairer levels, increasing tax on personal earnings and corporate profits, and eliminating tax avoidance schemes commonly used by companies and the super-rich.

16. The passage is about ----.

- A) the reason for income inequality
- B) the importance of a report made by a charity
- C) forecasting global economy for the next years
- D) an overview of global economic inequality
- E) globalization's impact on economic inequality

17. It is stated in the passage that ----.

- A) the world's 26 richest people have the same wealth as 3.8 billion people
- B) the figures in the article come from the World Bank
- C) the world's richest are getting \$2.5 million richer every day
- D) Amazon's CEO gave \$1 billion to help Ethiopia's health service
- E) a charity wants higher taxes on personal income

18. It is understood from the passage that ----.

- A) the economic recession didn't impact the economic situation of wealthy people
- B) poverty and violence go hand in hand and there is little to be done to stop it
- C) economic growth is more likely to happen when wealth is distributed to the poor
- D) according to the report, both the rich and the poor are affected by technology companies
- E) wealthy people are getting richer day by day at the poor's expense

For these questions, choose the best rephrased form of the given sentence.

19. My fear is that the European industry will go out of business before we get something done.

- A) I feel bad whenever I think that the European industry will disappear until something gets ready.
- B) My only fear is that as soon as we get everything done, the European industry will not exist anymore.
- C) I'm afraid the European industry will have gone out of business by the time we get something done.
- D) After we get everything ready for membership, the European industry will go out of business, I'm afraid.
- E) Before we sign a contract with the European industry, I fear that no institution will still be standing.

20. Chatting on a mobile phone while driving is more dangerous than talking to other people in the car.

- A) Talking to other people in the car is as dangerous as chatting on a mobile phone while driving.
- B) Chatting on a mobile phone and talking to others in the car are the most dangerous acts while driving.
- C) In case of an accident, mobile phone use while driving may cause more harm compared to talking to other people in the car.
- D) While driving, talking to other people in the car is dangerous but not as dangerous as chatting on a mobile phone.
- E) Talking to other people in the car poses a greater risk of an accident than chatting on a mobile phone while driving.

For these questions, choose the irrelevant sentence in the passage.

21. (I) Never in Hong Kong's history have so many people taken to the streets in protest against their own government. **(II)** Hong Kong officials have tried to play down the event. **(III)** A top official responsible for security remarked dismissively, beforehand, that people might join the protest just because it was something to do on a public holiday. **(IV)** Mr. Tung was unpopular anyhow and he had failed to revive Hong Kong's depressed economy. **(V)** It was, in fact, the sixth anniversary of Hong Kong's return to China.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E)V

22. (I) Cigarette smoking is most likely to cause oral cancer. **(II)** When nicotine is delivered to the brain, catecholamines, that are neurotransmitters that include epinephrine and norepinephrine, are released. **(III)** These substances act as stimulants, increasing cortical arousal, which can be measured by an electroencephalograph (EEG). **(IV)** In addition, smoking releases beta-endorphins, and the pleasurable effects of smoking may be due to the release of these opiates produced by the body. **(V)** Nicotine also increases the metabolic level, which explains the tendency for smokers to be thinner than non-smokers.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E)V

For these questions, choose the best option to complete the missing part of the paragraph.

23. Many psychologists today say that dreams are the bridge between our conscious and unconscious mind. ----. Then you can try to interpret them by comparing the dream with situations in your life. Sometimes dreams may explain things you are trying to suppress; other times they might relate to things that are troubling or depressing you.

- A) Most dreams relate to things and events that happened in the past twenty four to forty eight hours
- B) If you are receptive to this kind of analysis, patterns and answers will tend to emerge
- C) Most researchers agree that the dreamer himself will usually come up with the best interpretation of his dream
- D) Dreams relate to familiar events and have reasonable explanations
- E) They suggest that you should try to write down the dreams you remember as soon as you wake up

24. When most people around the world think of bagpipes, the Scottish or Irish versions come to mind. However, they also exist in many other places, including Sicily. ----. Consequently, their actual and potential sound is slightly different, too.

- A) Furthermore, Turkish people tend to think of the bagpipes that are played in the Black Sea Region
- B) The ones from this island are not made exactly the same way as those in Scotland or Ireland
- C) The name for the instrument is not the same as it is in Scottish or Irish languages, though
- D) In Sicily, the local folk music remains vital and alive in everyday life of the inhabitants
- E) In fact, the region where Sicily lies has a number of different traditional instruments

**ANSWER KEY: 1. B 2. D 3. B 4. C 5. E 6. A 7. E 8. D 9. C 10. B 11. A 12. C
13. A 14. C 15. B 16. D 17. E 18. A 19. C 20. D 21. D 22. A**